



MAN-CO MFG., INC.

2725 19th Street S.E. • P.O. Box 13114 • Salem, OR 97309 U.S.A. • (503) 362-2341

BULLETIN: BU-136 MC

NOTICE: THIS BULLETIN SUPERCEDES BU-131 MC DATED 1/5/82

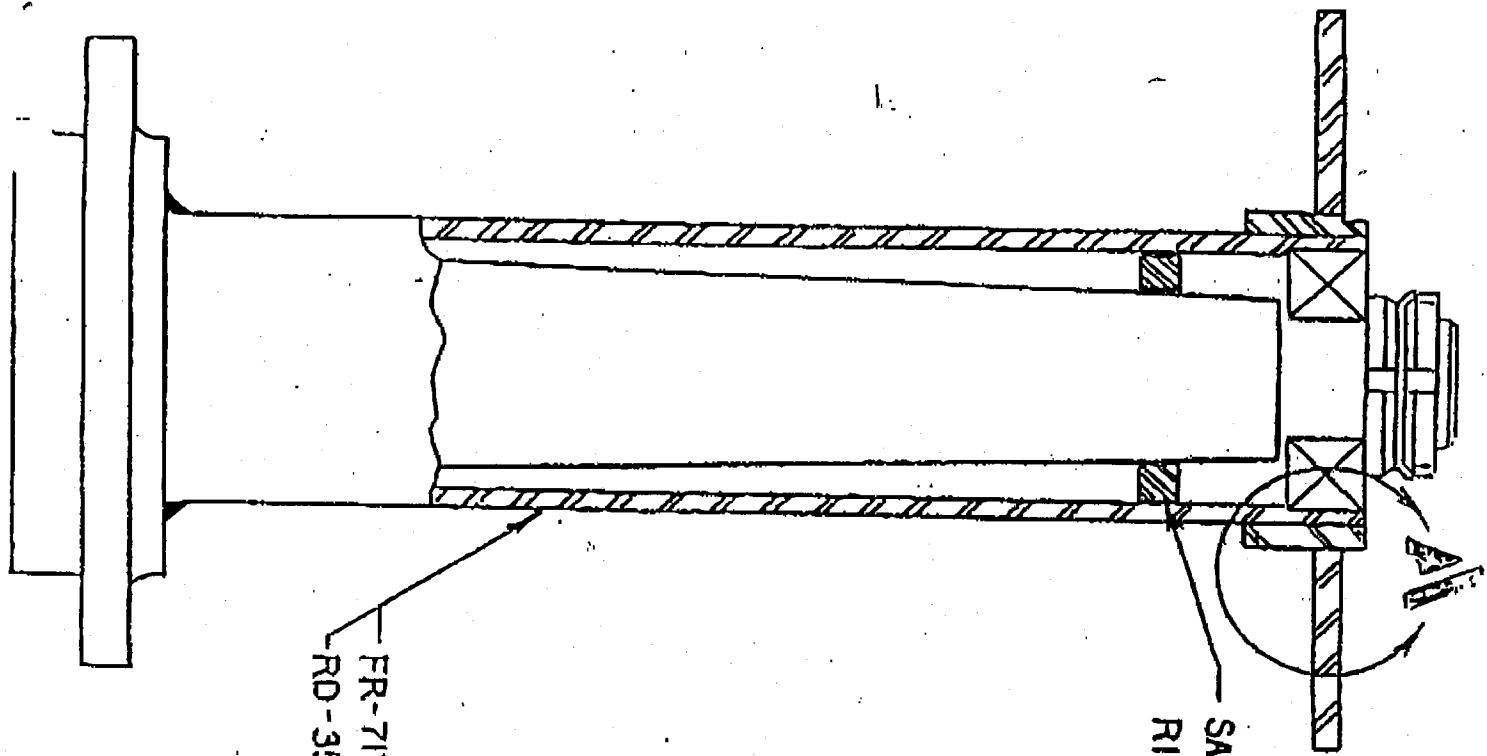
DATE: 9/8/88

ROUND-UP/PARATROOPER HUB INSPECTION

The main spindle shaft hub housing on the Round-Up and Paratrooper amusement rides that were manufactured by Frank Hrubetz Co., and Kilinski Mfg. Co. (KMC) have shown some sign of fatigue cracks in the weld areas of the hub assemblies.

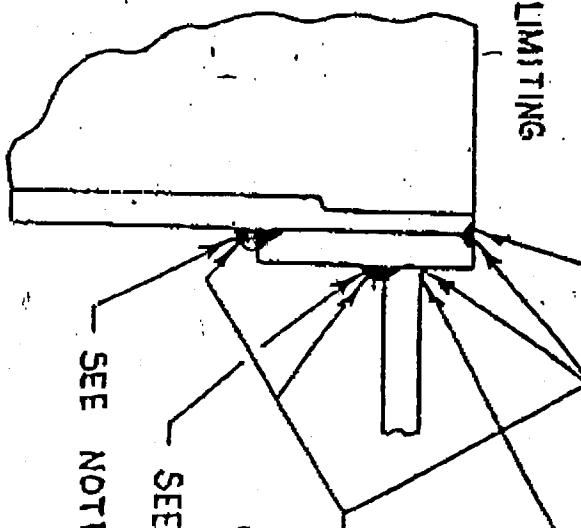
We at Man-Co feel that this is something that should be inspected on a more regular basis and so we are recommending that the welds shown in the attached drawing (BU-136-MC) be inspected annually. If any sign of stress or cracks are noted, then we recommend that the entire hub assembly be replaced for the safety of the ride owners and customers.

Although Man-Co Mfg., Inc. is not responsible for the manufacturing of Hrubetz or KMC rides, we are the exclusive manufacturer of replacement parts. We feel that it is in the best safety of your customers that this preventive inspection is adhered to.



SAFETY LIMITING
RING

SEE NOTE



AREA TO BE
MAGNAFLUXED FOR
CRACKS

SEE NOTE

DETAIL A

NOTE:

IF CRACK IS
NOTED IN THIS
AREA, CENTER HUB
SHOULD BE REPLACED

FR-713 CENTER HUB (REF)-ROUND-UP
RD-35 CENTER HUB - PARATROOPER

MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

P.O. BOX 1414
EASTON, PA 18042

DATA SHEET	SWJ	DATE	9-1-88	SCALE	NONE
CENTER HUB - INSPECTION OF WELD ROUND-UPS & DADITONAL					

ULTRASONIC INSPECTION OF STEEL

MAIN SPINDLE SHAFTS

1. METHOD

1.1 Scope

This procedure establishes the minimum requirements for the pulse echo ultrasonic inspection of steel main spindle shafts by the contact longitudinal beam techniques for the detection of inservice stress cracking.

1.2 Principle

High frequency sound waves are induced into the material under test with the reflected sound wave forms being displayed on a cathode-ray tube. The soundness of the material is determined by analyzing the reflection patterns on the cathode ray tube.

2. APPARATUS

2.1 Electronic Apparatus

An ultrasonic, pulsed, reflection type of instrument shall be used for this inspection. The system shall have a range capability for testing at frequencies of 1 to 5 MHz.

2.2 Search Units

Contact type search units shall be used for the inspection. Search units shall be utilized at their rated frequencies. The maximum search unit dimension shall not exceed 1 inch, with a minimum frequency of 2.25 MHz.

2.3 Couplant

A couplant, liquid or paste, having sufficient wetting properties to transmit sound waves from the transducer to the test surface such as, oil, glycerin, water, grease, or equivalent, shall be used.

2.4 Reference Standards

Reference standards made from acoustically similar material shall be used to establish a suitable base for determining the adjustment of the instrument used.

- 2.4.1 Reference blocks used as standards for the longitudinal beam examination shall contain flat bottom holes no larger than 8/64 inch diameter at approximate metal paths of 1/4T - 1/2T and 3/4T. (T = Thickness)
- 2.4.2 When it is impractical to have reference blocks per paragraph 2.4.1, it is acceptable to calibrate on the test material itself, as described in Figure 1.

2.5 Personnel Qualification

Personnel performing the test shall be certified to ASNT-TC-1A. Personnel who read, interpret and evaluate indications shall be certified to ASNT-TC-1A Level II or equivalent.

3. GENERAL PROCEDURE

- 3.1 The procedure to be used is that of hand scanning the material by the contact longitudinal beam method and introducing into it a beam of ultrasonic sound waves. Reflections of a portion of this energy will occur at the interface of materials having different acoustical properties. The reflections are displayed on a cathode ray tube and can be evaluated against a predetermined standard. Areas with indications are noted on each piece and tabulated on the inspection report.

3.2 Surface Condition of Test Material

The beam entry surface of the material shall be free of scale, dirt, grease, paint, or other foreign materials. The surface to be scanned shall be uniform with a surface finish adequate to permit ultrasonic inspection at the required sensitivity.

3.3 Instrument Calibration

3.3.1 Longitudinal Beam Examination

When calibrating the instrument using a reference block, the indication amplitude of all defects shall be adjusted to obtain a pulse height on the instrument screen of at least 70 percent of full scale.

When calibration is performed using the test material, the instrument adjustment shall be as described in Figure 1.

- 3.3.2 After final instrument calibration and the test is initiated, further adjustment of the instrument shall not be permitted without recalibration.

3.4 Scanning Surfaces

- 3.4.1 Longitudinal beam examination shall be performed on the test material as described in Figure 2.
- 3.4.2 The instrument calibration shall be checked using a reference standard prior to and after each piece is tested or at intervals not exceeding 1 hour.

3.5 Interpretation of Results

Test part is unacceptable if longitudinal examination results show one or more reflections greater in amplitude than the indication from the calibration defect or reference line and are not associated with the geometric configuration.

3.6 Test Report

Test records shall be maintained by the testing organization for a minimum of three years following completion of order. The following data shall be recorded on the test report.

- 3.6.1 Specific written test procedure and revision utilized for performing the test.
- 3.6.2 Transducer description, instrument and ultrasonic frequency employed.
- 3.6.3 Reference standard description.
- 3.6.4 Location and identification of rejectable indication in material. (Sketch to be included)
- 3.6.5 Customer identification and location of material and equipment serial number.
- 3.6.6 Name and location of testing organization.
- 3.6.7 Date of Test
- 3.6.8 Signature of operator and level of certification.
- 3.6.9 Signature of interpreter and level of certification.

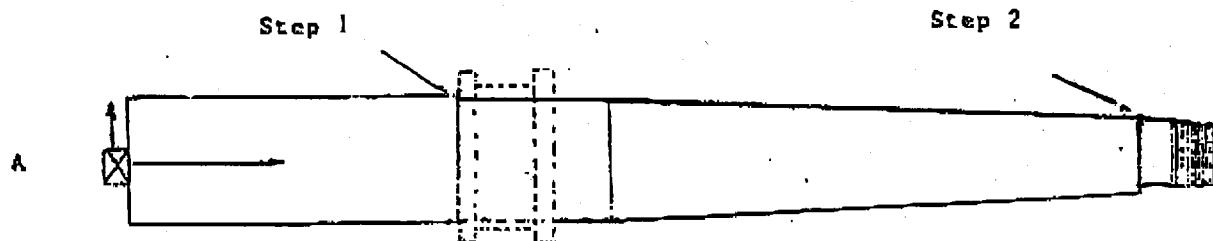


Figure 1

Calibration on test piece for Longitudinal Beam examination

Notes for Figure 1:

1. A 3/4" Diameter - 5 MHZ Transducer is recommended.
2. The search unit shall be placed on center of shaft area (A) and adjust second back reflection to 100%.
3. Move transducer towards edge of shaft (A)
 - 3.1 Step 1 should appear to be approximately 25%.
 - 3.2 If not, scan the perimeter and adjust to the average.

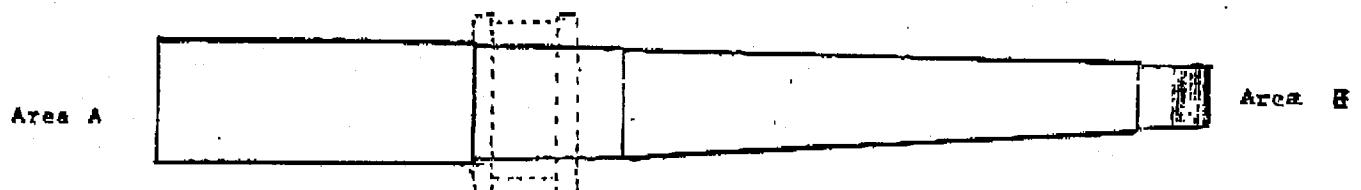


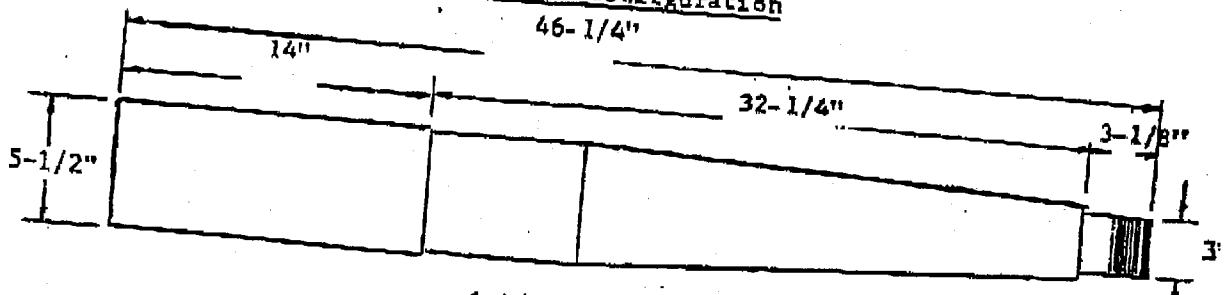
Figure 2

1. Longitudinal Beam Examination

- A. After calibration per Figure 1, areas (A) and (B) shall be scanned 100%.

Useful Information :

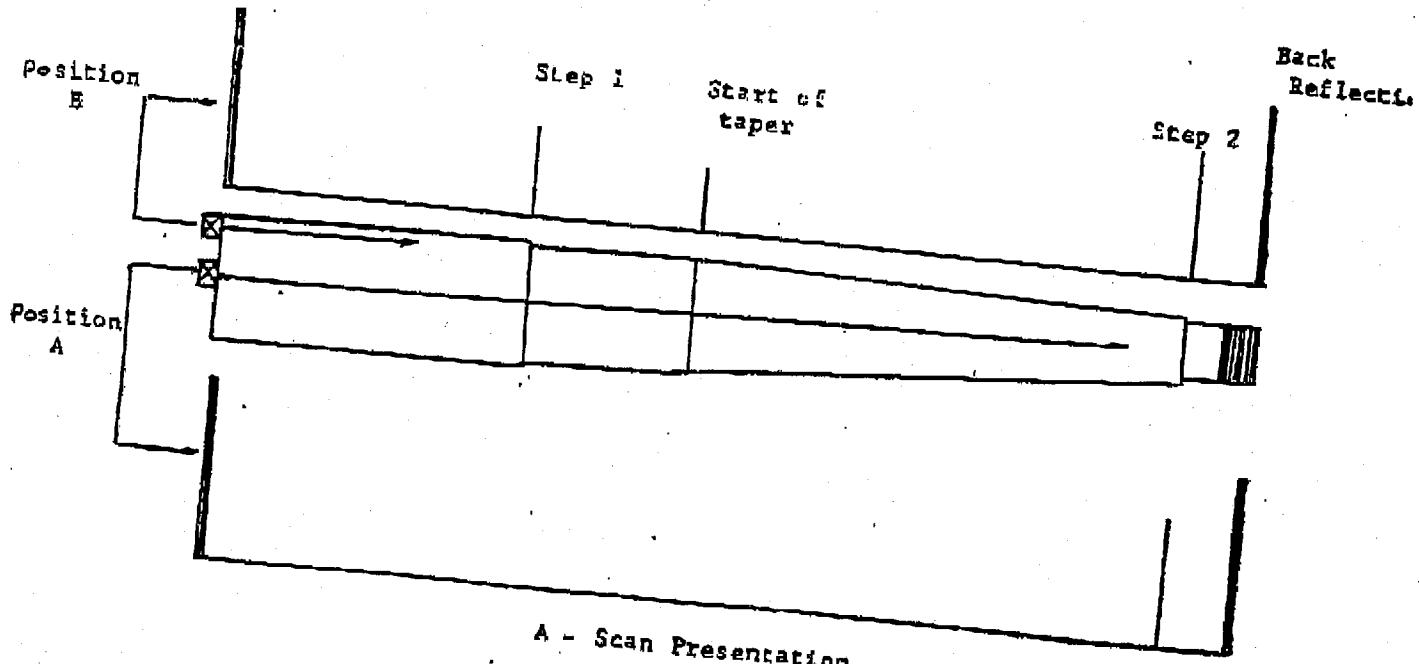
Basic Shaft Configuration



- I. Material: Carrelloy Steel Rim Drive Paratrooper
Longitudinal Velocity: 2.31" per second $\times 10^5$ Serial No. 300 & on.
- II. Transducer Beam Divergence in Steel:

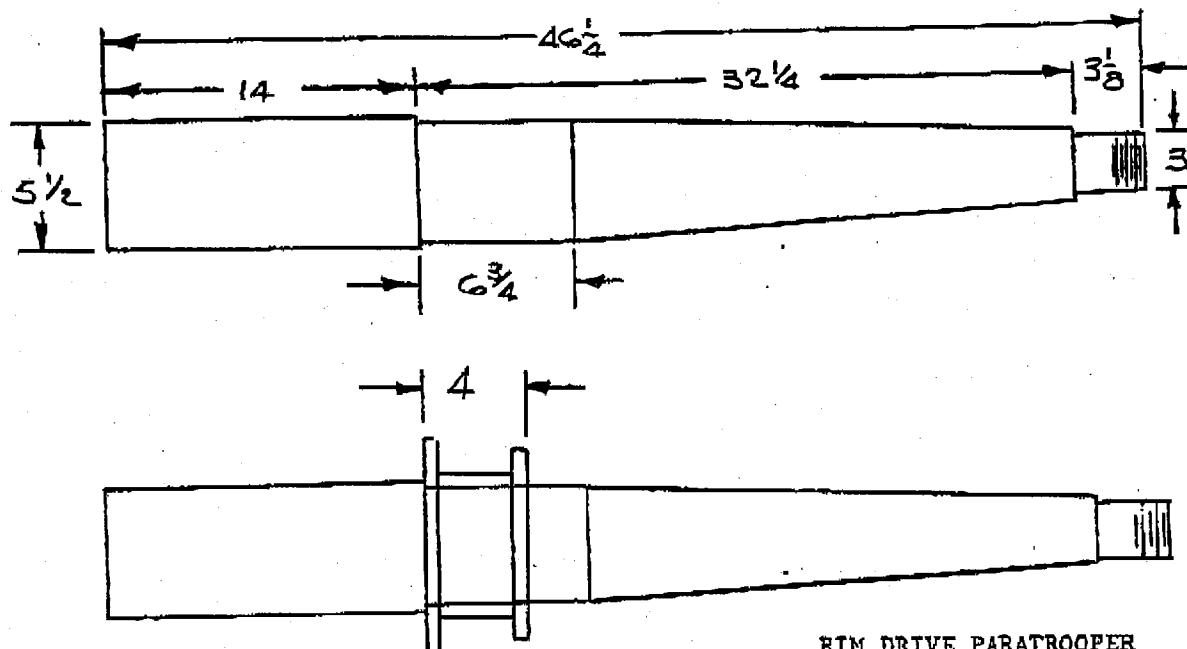
1" Dia. Transducer @ 1	MHZ = 30° or 3" per ft.
1" Dia. " "	@ 2.25 MHZ = 14° or 1-1/2" per ft.
1" Dia. " "	@ 5.0 MHZ = 6° or 5/8" per ft.
.750" Dia. " "	@ 1 MHZ = 45° or 4-1/2" per ft.
.750" Dia. " "	@ 2.25 MHZ = 20° or 2-1/8" per ft.
.750" Dia. " "	@ 5.0 MHZ = 9° or 7/8" per ft.

Front Face

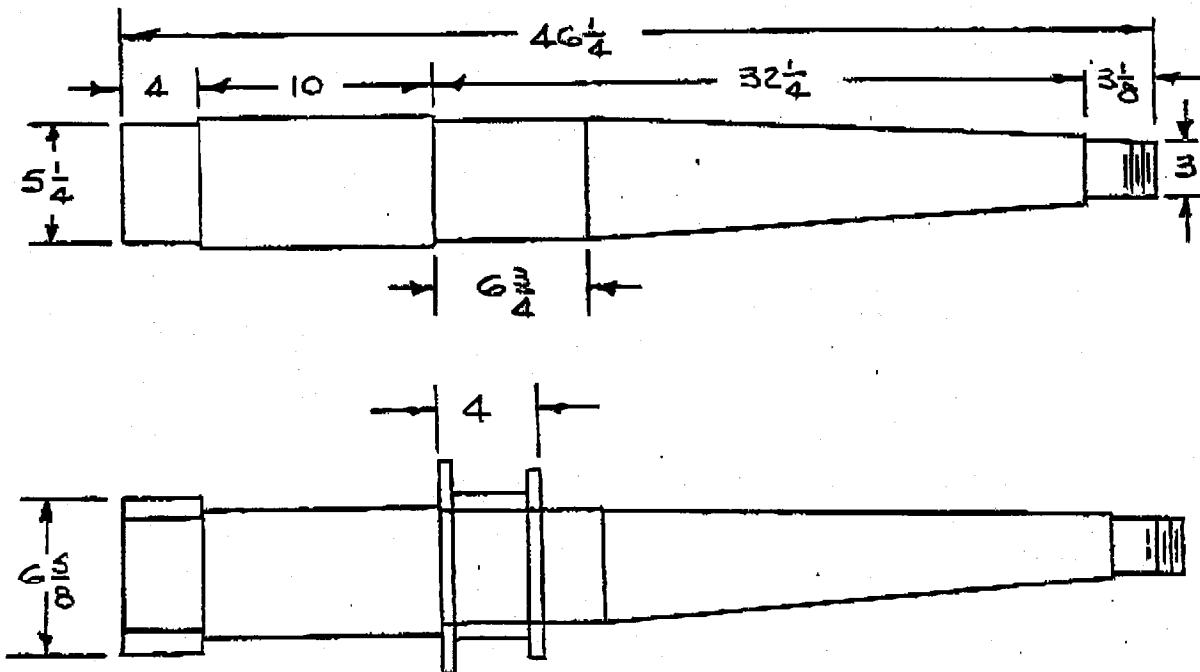


Useful Information:

BASIC SHAFT CONFIGURATIONS

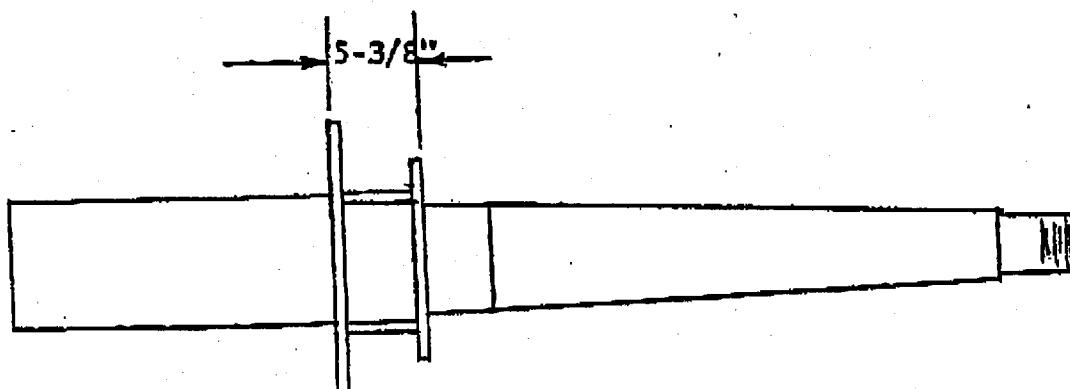
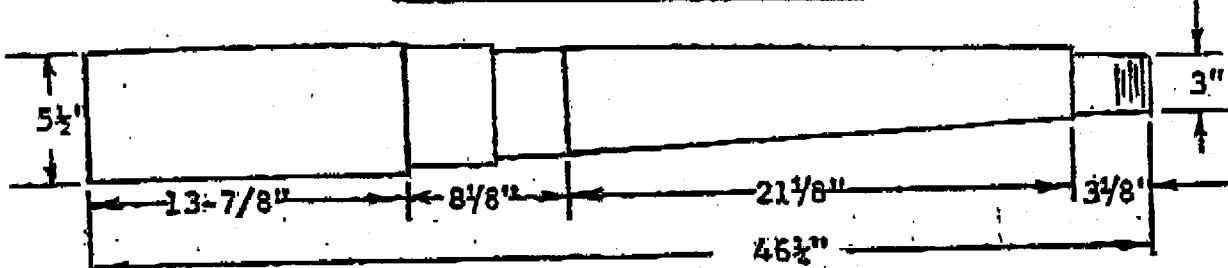


RIM DRIVE PARATROOPER
SERIAL NO. 301 to 396

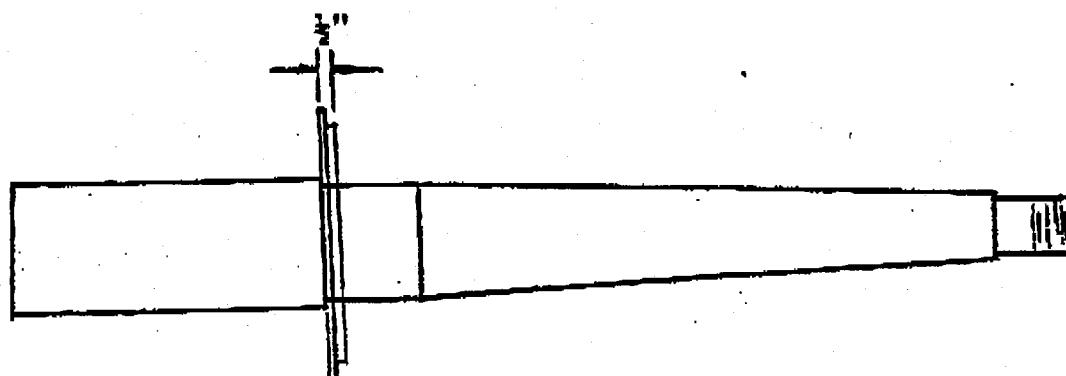
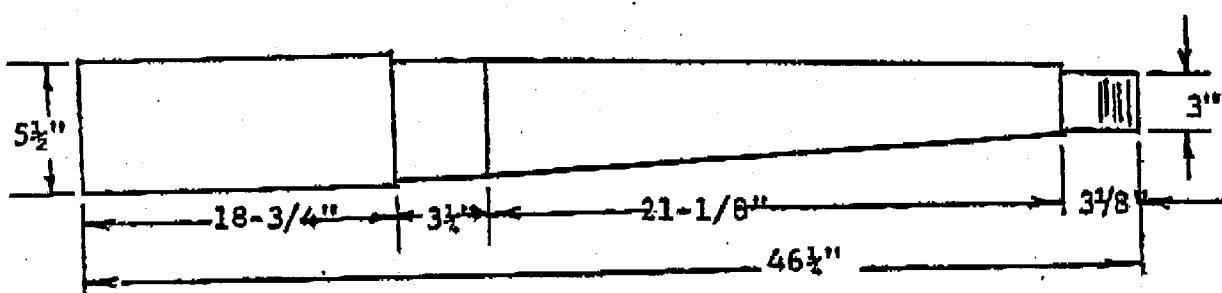


RIM DRIVE PARATROOPER
SERIAL NO. 397 on up

Useful Information:

BASIC SHAFT CONFIGURATIONS

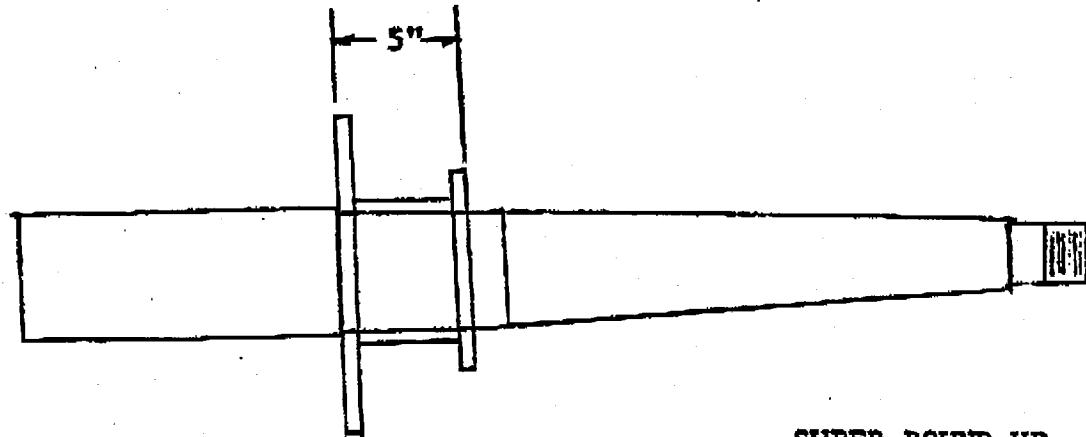
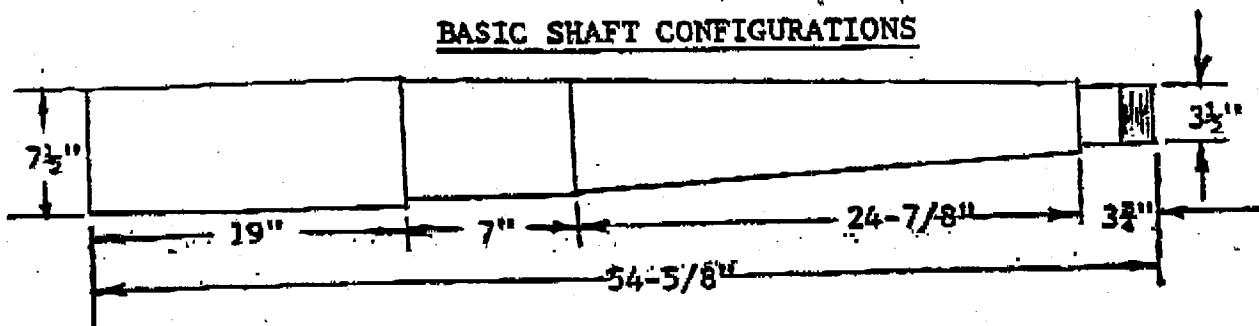
STANDARD PARATROOPERS
SERIAL NO. 500 and on



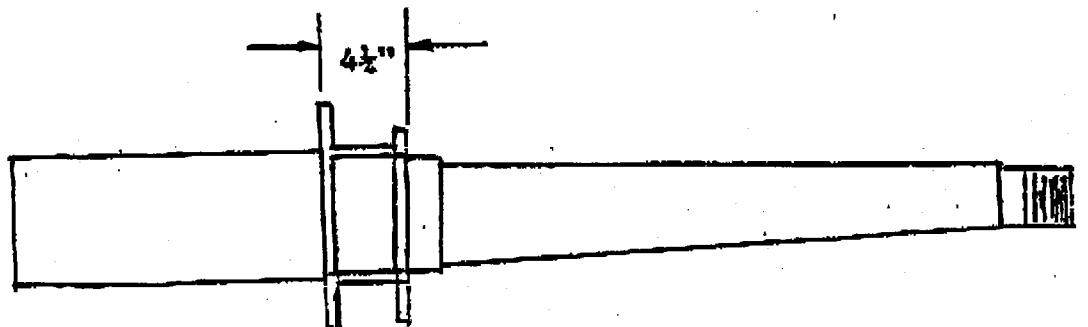
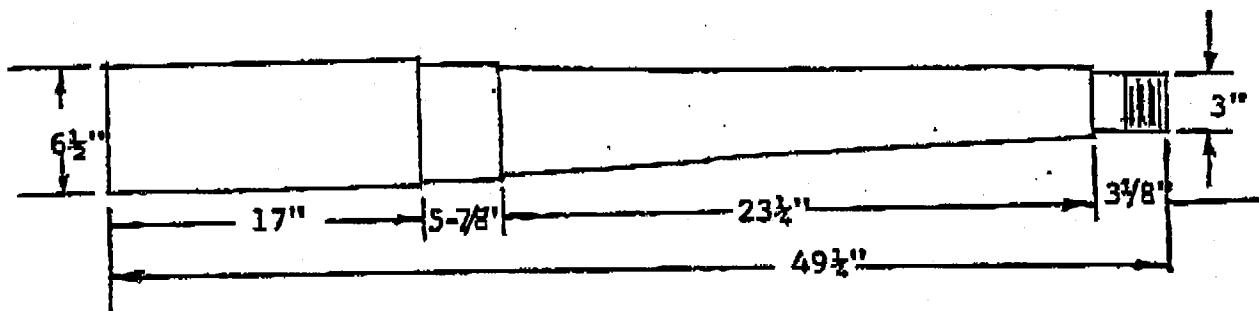
SPITFIRE AND
STANDARD PARATROOPERS
PRIOR TO 1960.

Useful Information:

BASIC SHAFT CONFIGURATIONS



SUPER ROUND-UP
SERIAL NO. 200S & UP



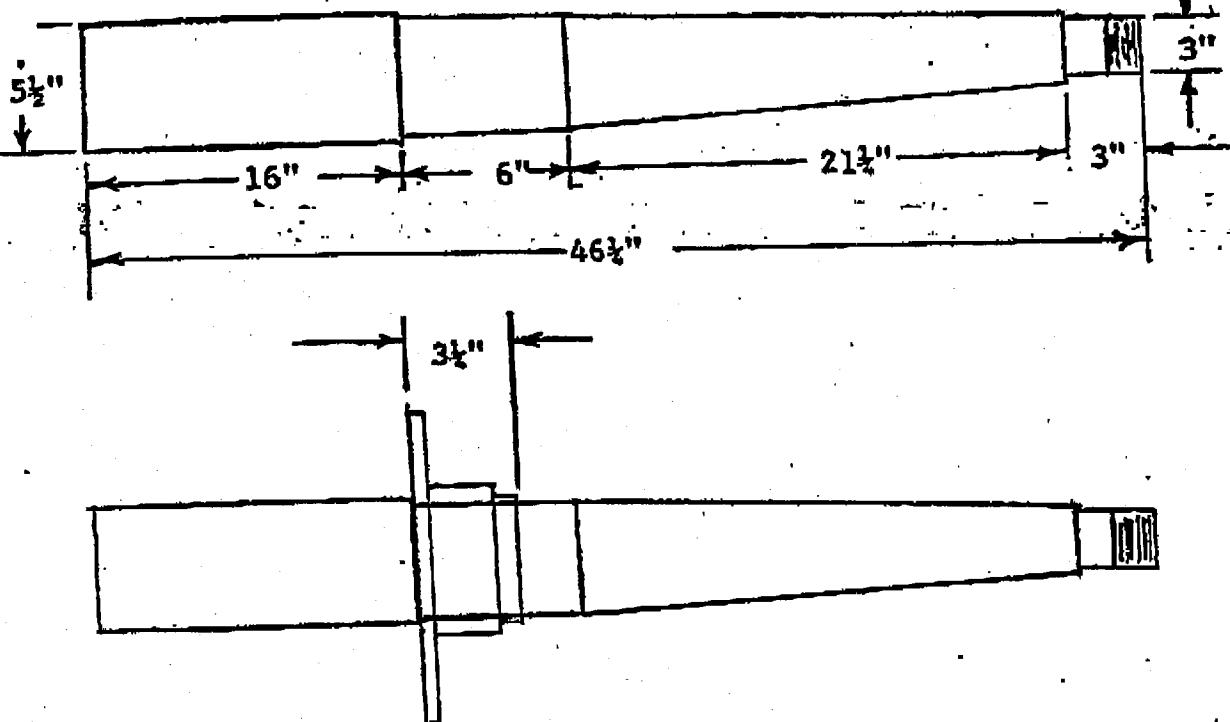
FIREBALL - SERIAL NO. F70L
AND UP

HYDRAULIC PARATROOPER
SERIAL NO. 800 & UP

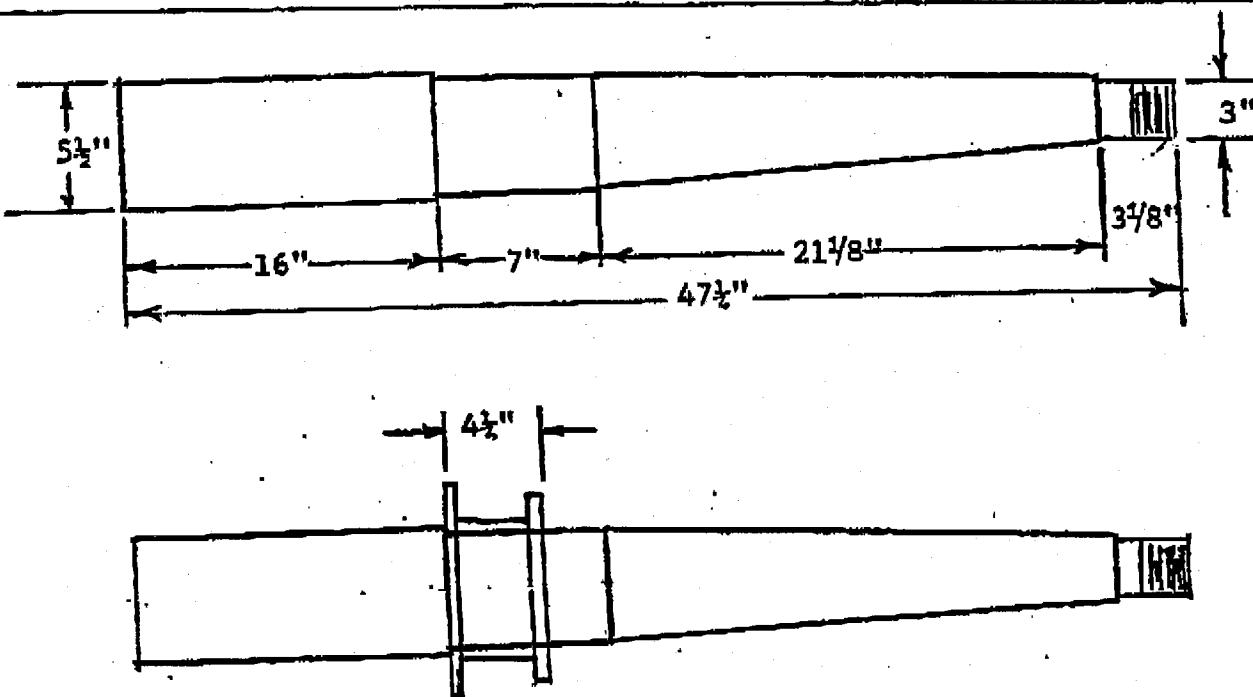
Useful Information:

QC-UI-I-Rev. 3
Page 10 of 23

BASIC SHAFT CONFIGURATIONS

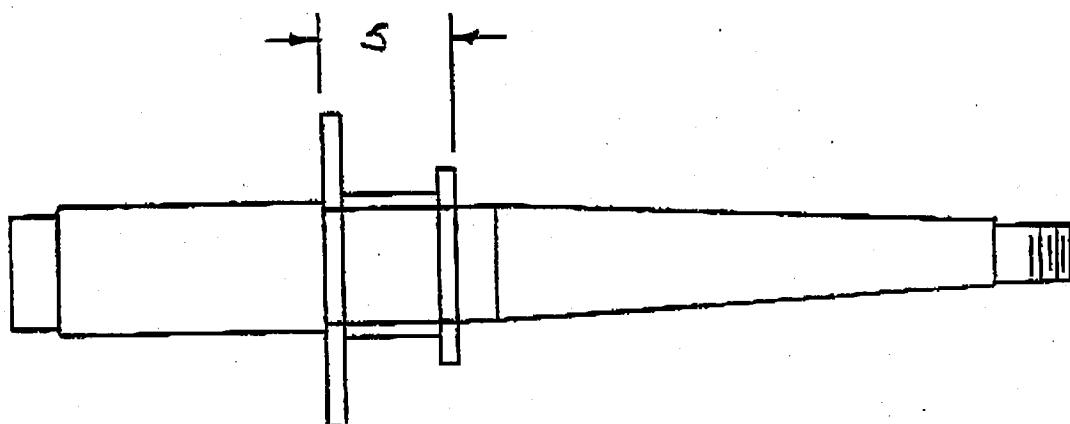
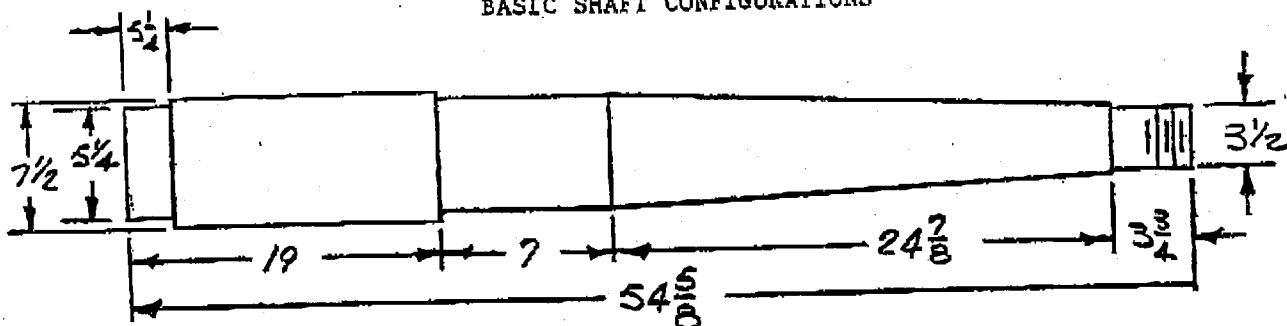


NON-FOLDING ROUND-UP
SERIAL NO. 400 & 4400

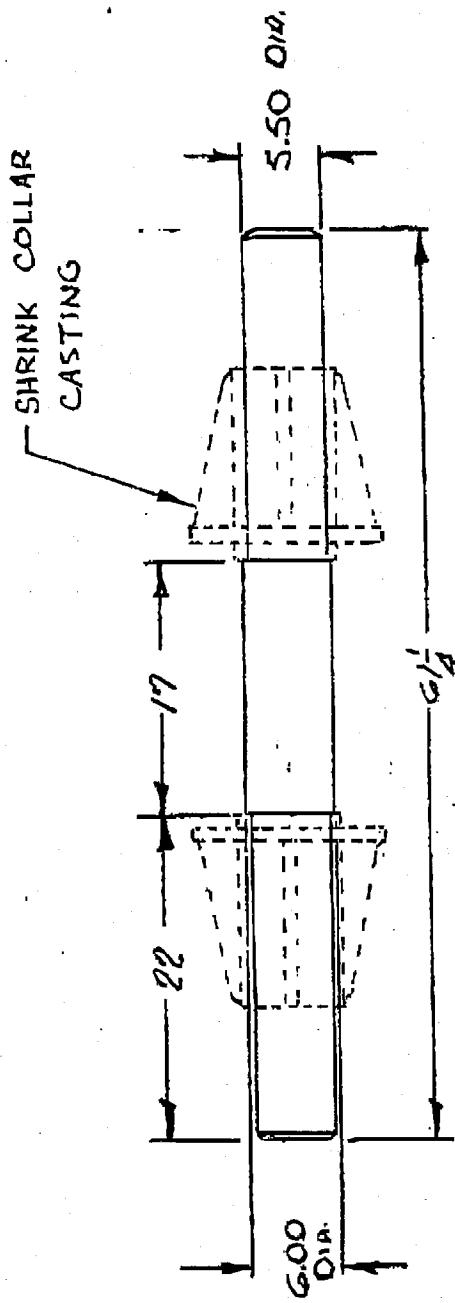


FOLDING ROUND-UP
SERIAL NO. 200 & 2200

BASIC SHAFT CONFIGURATIONS



SUPER ROUND-UP
SERIAL NO. 220 & UP



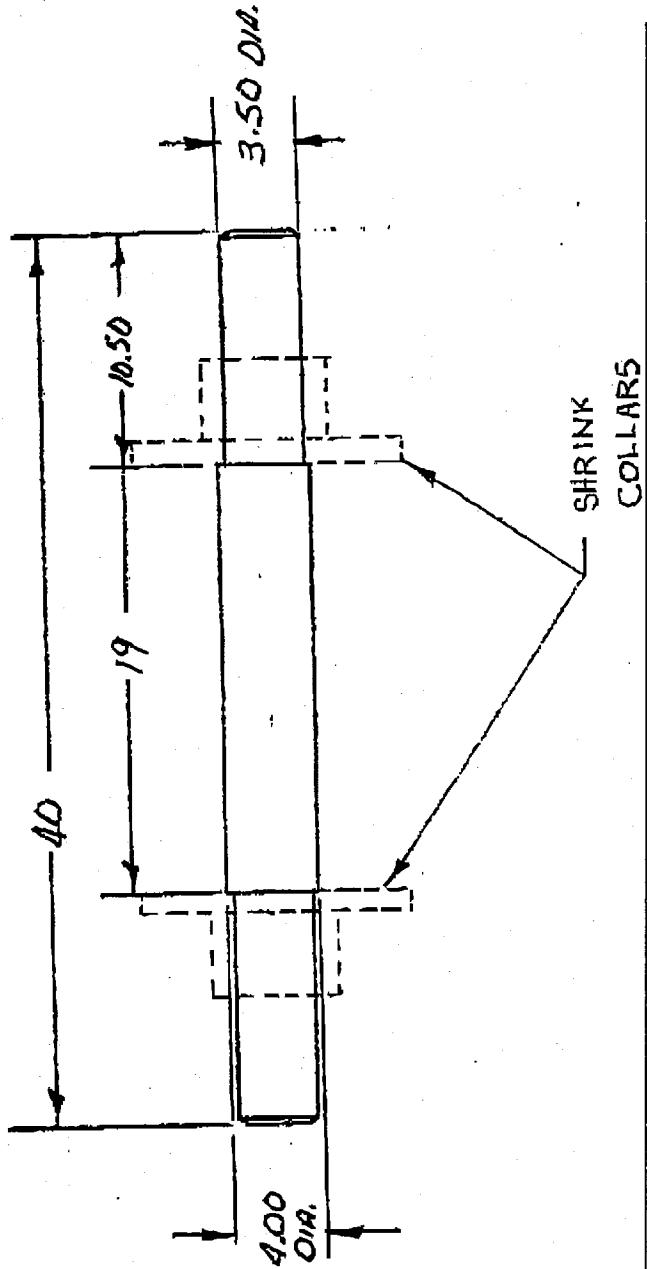
MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

P.O. BOX 1114
SALEM, OR 97301

NO. 54-41235

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION
A	3-17-69	SHOW SHRINK COLLARS

COMMERCIAL POOL STICKS, FALM, CHURCH



MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

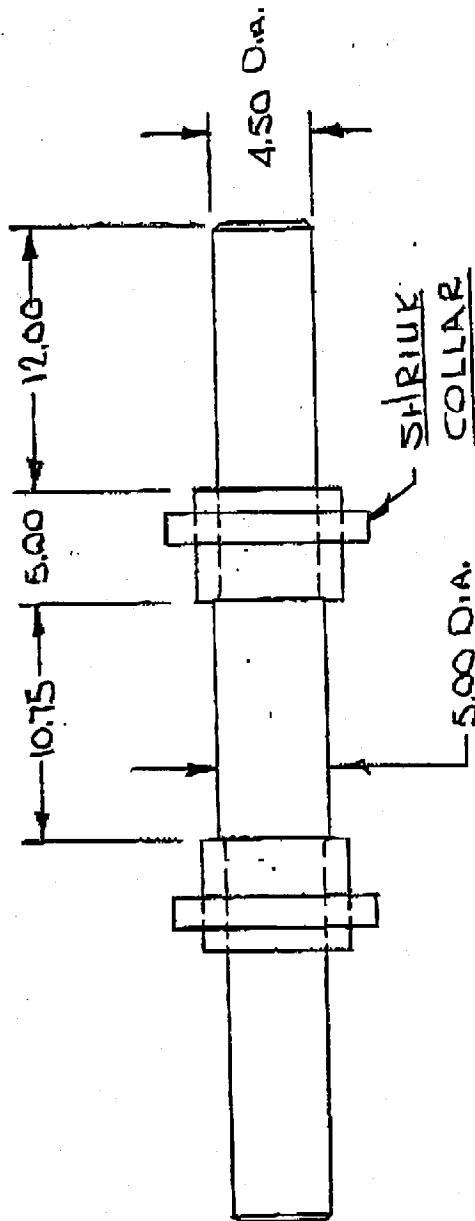
P.O. BOX 15114
SALEM, OR 97308

1/INCH O.D. SHAFT 40 FT. FOUND UP

DATE 2-12-85
DRAWN BY M.D.Z

SCALE

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION
A	3-17-85	SHOW SHRINK COLLAR



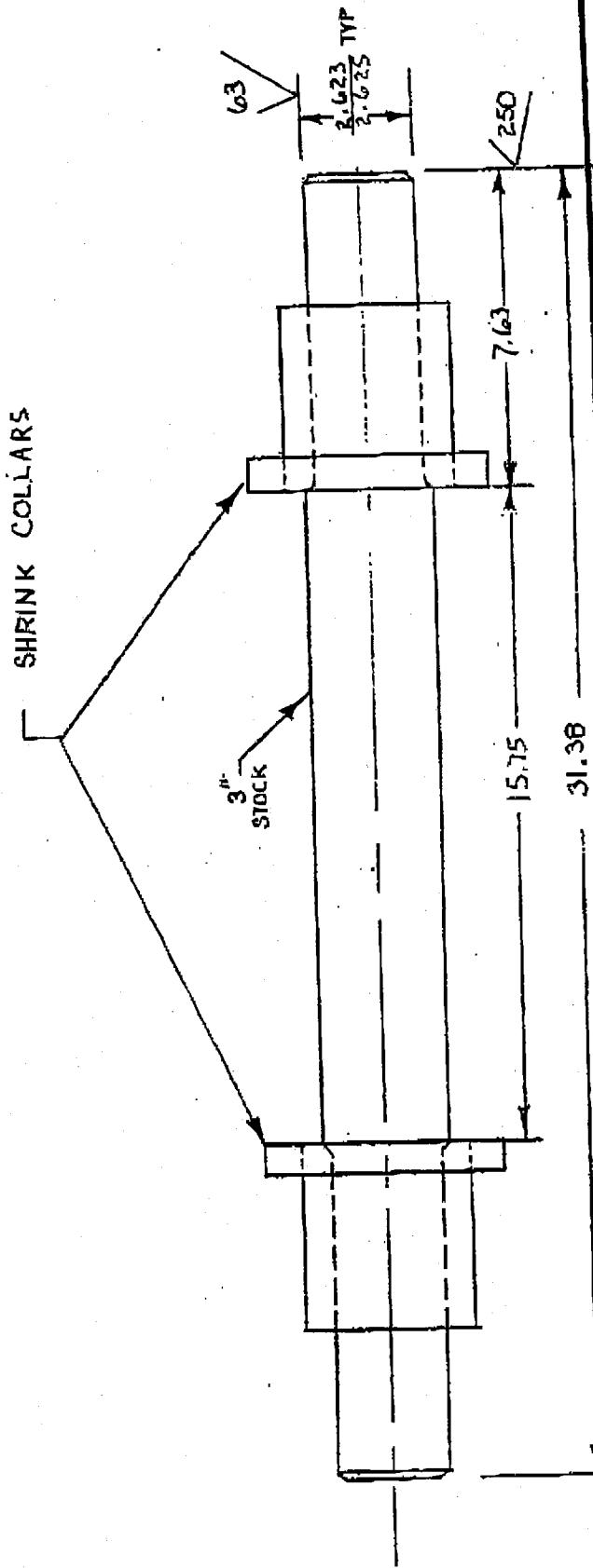
MAN-CO. INFO. INC.

P.O. BOX 15114
SALEM, OR 97304

30' FOLDBACK BOWIE POCKET SHIRT W/ COLLAR
SALVAGE

DATE 3-7-52
DRAWN BY M.L.G.Z.
SCALE

NO. SK-3784



P.O. BOX 11014
HALMAR, OK 73040

MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

TO ENGINEER UNLESS NOTED		DRAWN BY	SWJ
INCHES	FRACTION	ANGLES	DATE
X 3 1/2	3 1/2		3-14-89
3 1/2	3 1/2		SCALE. 3" = 1'-0"
30' ROUND UP ANCHOR SHAFT		DRAWING NO.	
NEXT ASSEMBLY		REV. C	5K 314873
DESCRIPTION		DATE	PERIODIC



MAN-CO MFG., INC.

2725 19th Street S.E. • P.O. Box 13114 • Salem, OR 97309 U.S.A. • (503) 362-2341

BULLETIN: BU-135 MC

DATE: 9/20/88

ANNUAL INSPECTION OF MAIN SPINDLE SHAFTS, ROCKER SHAFTS, CYLINDER ANCHOR SHAFTS

ATTENTION ALL ROUND-UP, PARATROOPER AND FIREBALL OWNERS

Due to recent failures in the spindle and rocker shafts of the Round-Up, and since the Paratrooper and Fireball rides manufactured by Frank Hrubetz Co. and Kilinski Mfg. (KMC) use the same shafts, Man-Co Manufacturing in cooperation with the recommendations of the Consumer Products Safety Commission feel the following steps should be taken.

These shafts need to be tested annually before the start of each season. Please see the Change Notice of the quality control procedures enclosed. (QC-UI-I-Rev. 3)

If any cracks are found, then the shafts are to be replaced immediately.

Maintenance records should be maintained and reviewed to determine the level of maintenance and frequency of the inspections of the individual ride. This is to insure that the rides are periodically inspected and safe.

Man-Co Manufacturing, as an exclusive manufacturer of replacement parts for the original Frank Hrubetz, and Kilinski Mfg. rides, can recommend but not mandate that these procedures be adhered to. However, we feel that this is a most important step for the protection of the ride owners and customers.

ULTRASONIC TEST REQUIREMENTS

Ultrasonic testing shall be performed once every year on the following rides built by Frank Hrubetz & Co., Kilinski Mfg. Co., and Man-Co Manufacturing, Inc.

Non-Folding Round-Up

1. Rocker shaft - see dwg. BU-133MC sht. 2 of 3
2. Cylinder anchor shaft - see Dwg. BU-133 sht. 3 of 3
3. Spindle shaft

Folding Round-Up

1. Rocker shaft - see Dwg. BU-133MC sht. 2 of 3
2. Cylinder anchor shaft - see Dwg. BU-133MC sht. 3 of 3
3. Spindle shaft

Super Round-Up

1. Rocker shaft
2. Cylinder anchor shaft
3. Spindle shaft

Hydraulic Paratrooper - park and portable

1. Spindle shaft

Rim Drive Paratrooper - park and portable

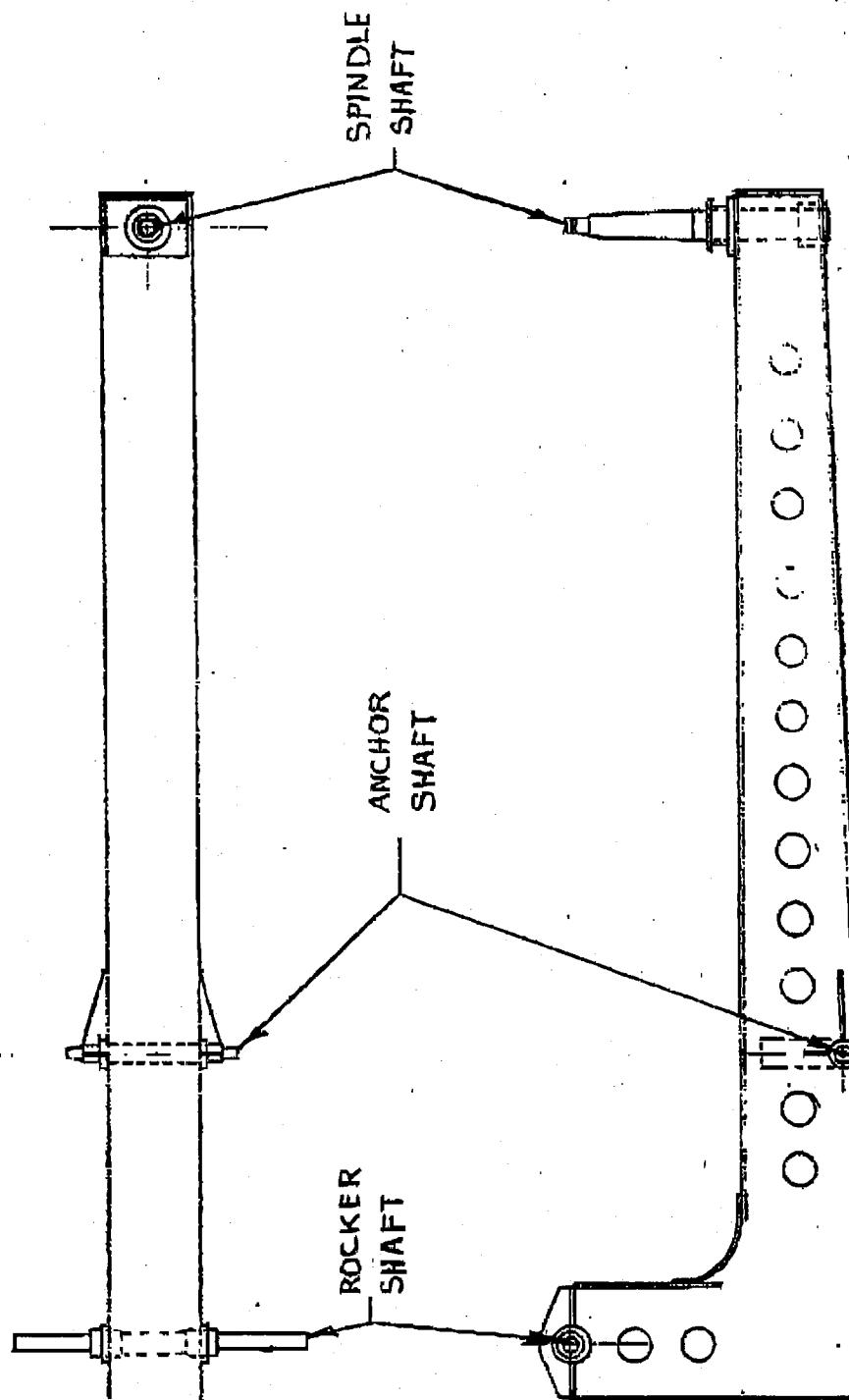
1. Spindle shaft

Standard Paratrooper - park and portable

1. Spindle shaft

Fireball - portable

1. Spindle shaft



MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

P.O. BOX 10114
SALEM, OR 97303

SCALE: DATE:
NONE 3-14-89

DRAWN BY:
S.W.J.

ANCHOR
SHAFT
30' FOLDING ROUND-UP

SK 34890

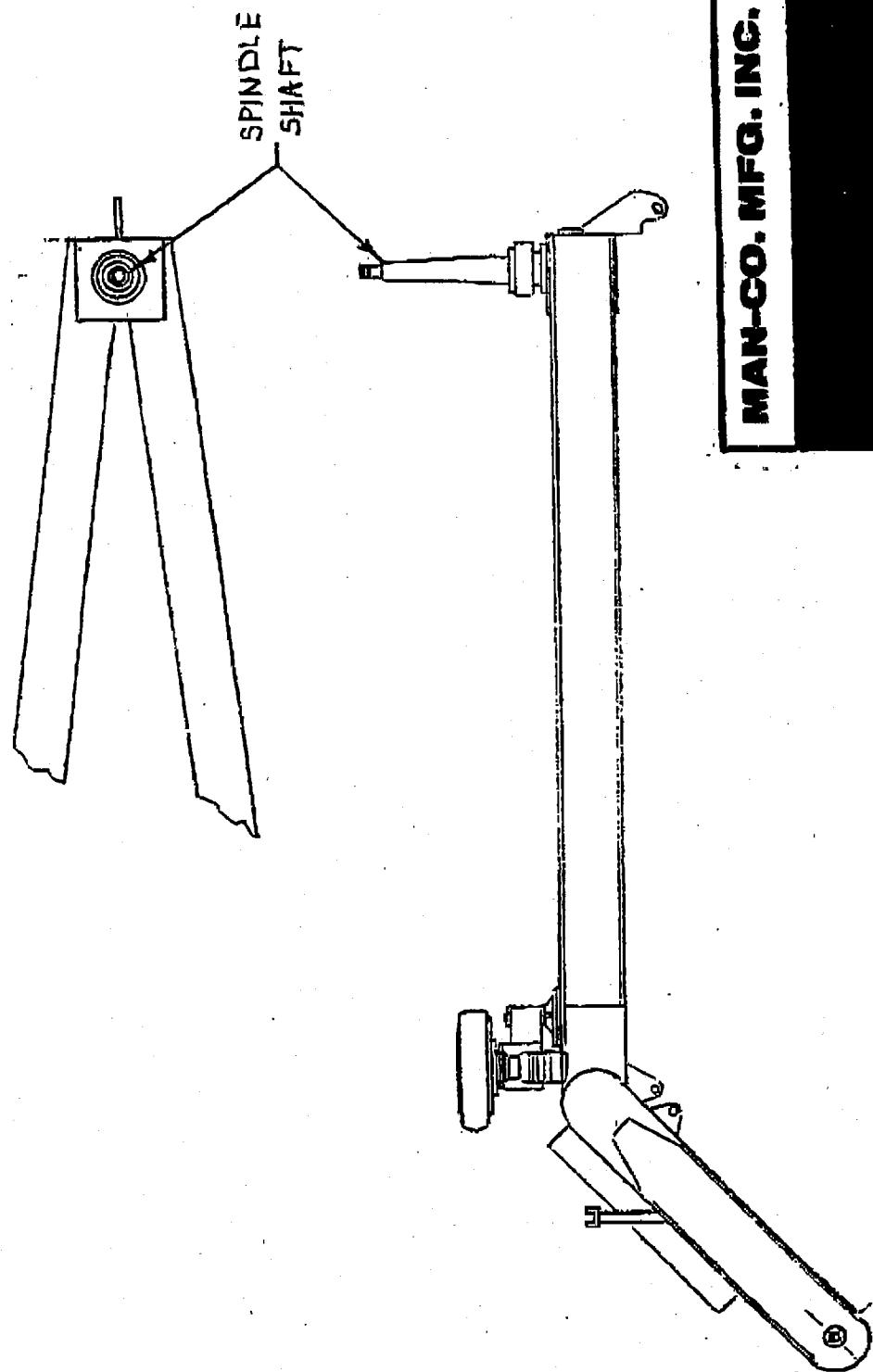
P.O. BOX 12114
SALEM, OR 97309

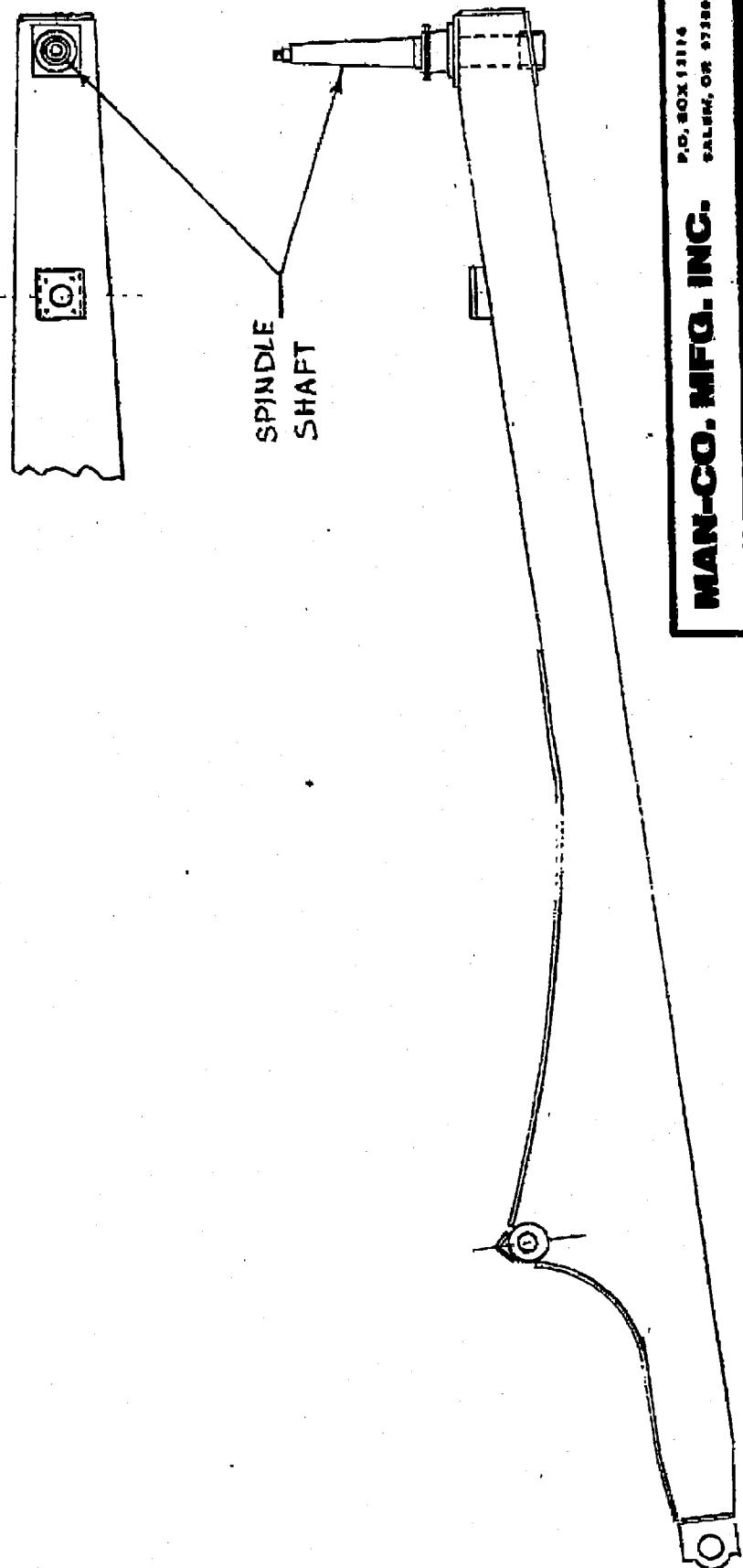
MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

SCALE: DATE:
NONE 3-14-87 DRAWN BY
SWJ

RIM DRIVE PARA BOOM

SK 314891





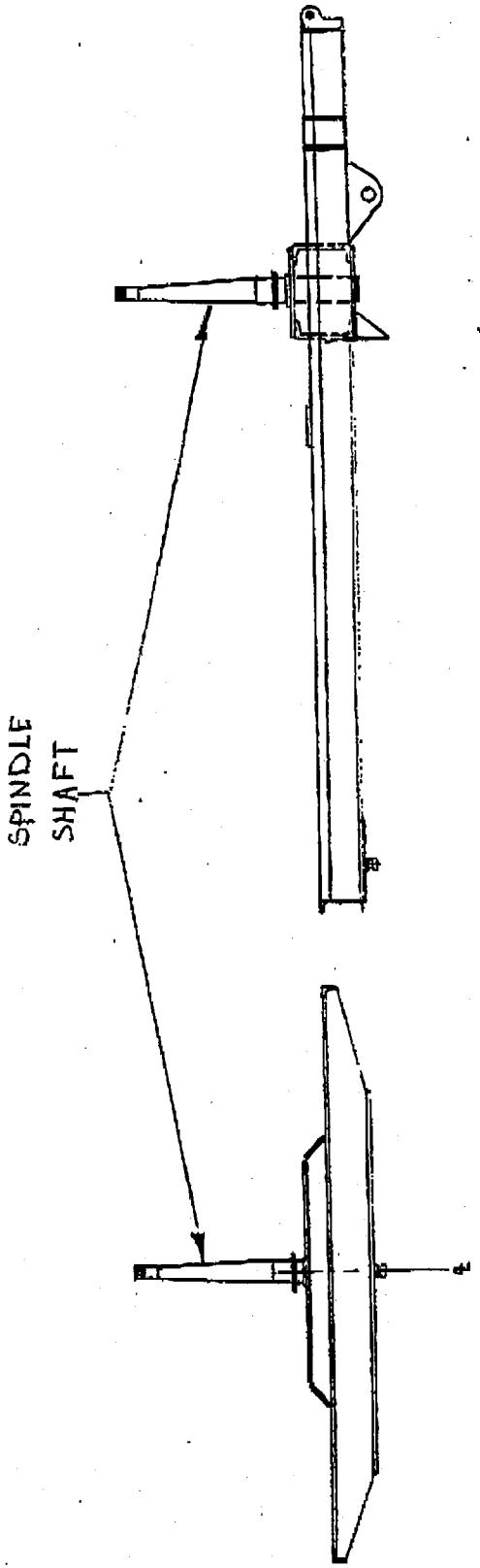
MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

P.O. BOX 1114
SALEM, ORE. 97308

SCALE: DRAWN BY:
NONE 3-14-87 SWJ

HYPD.
SPINDLE SHAFT ON BOOM PARA.

SK 31487



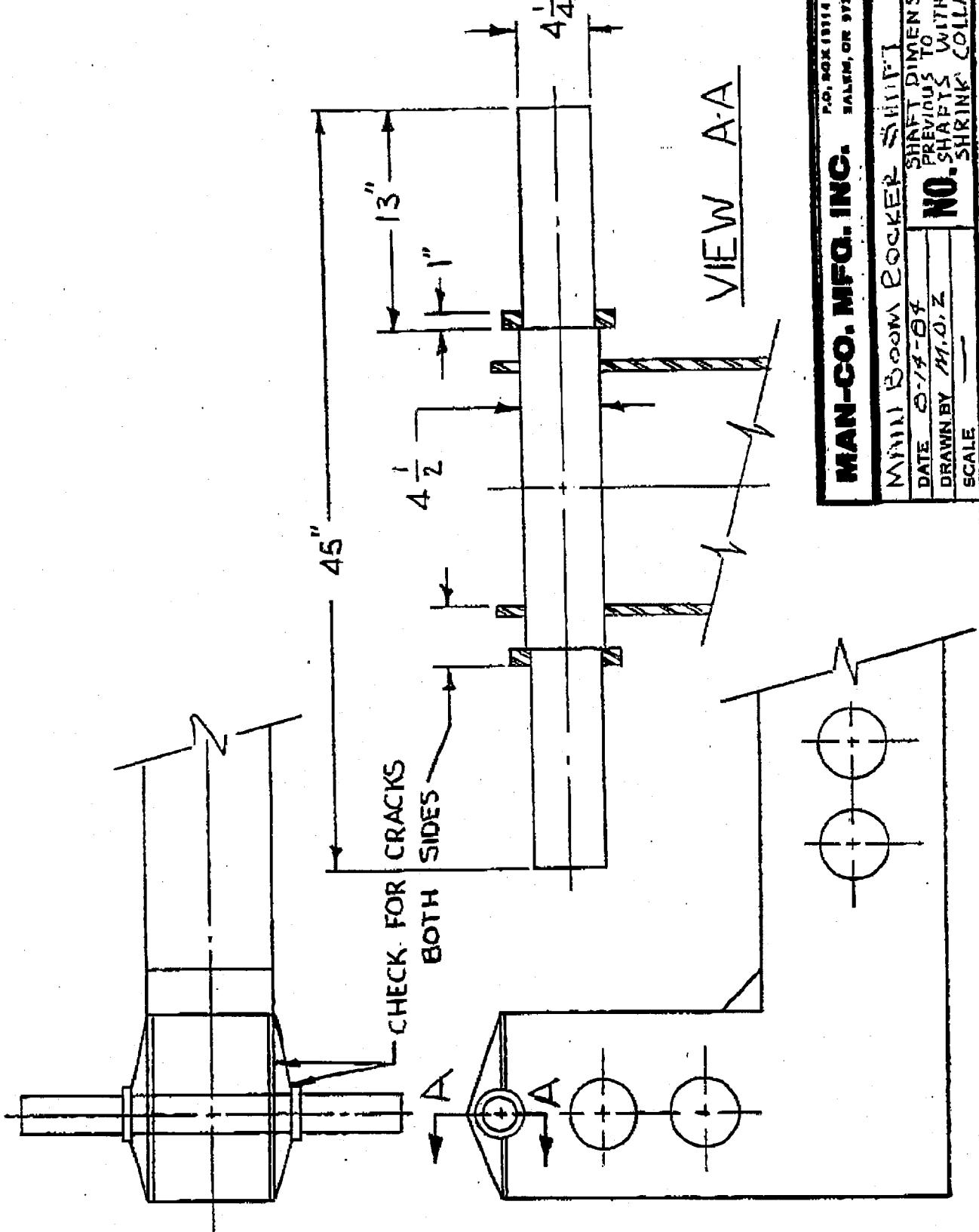
SPINDLE
SHAFT

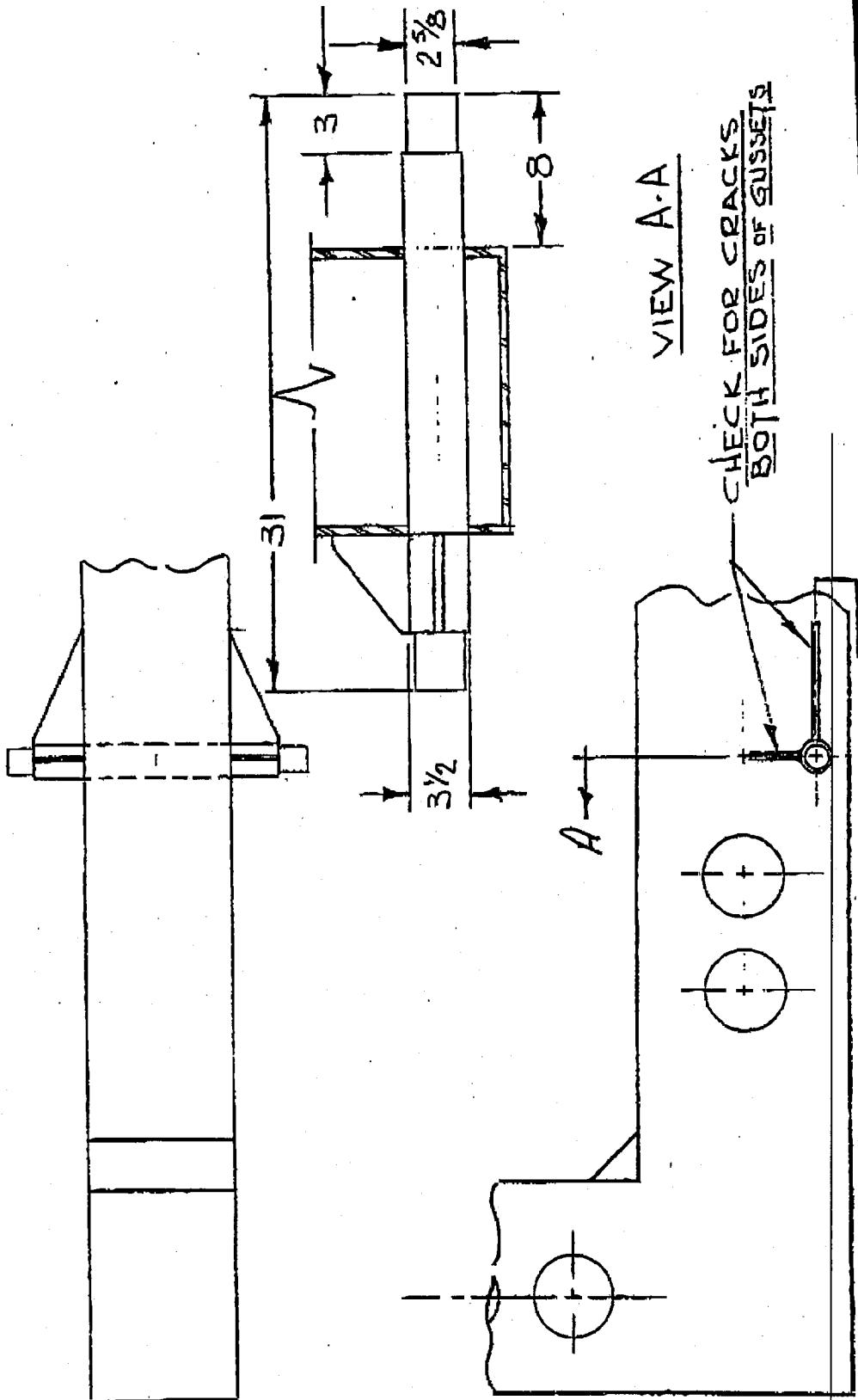
MAN-CO. MFG. INC.

P.O. BOX 9214
SALEM, OR 97308

SPECIFICATIONS: UNLESS NOTED			DRAWN BY:	SWJ
FRACTIONAL	FRACTIONAL	ANGLES	DATE:	3-14-89
1 1/2	1 1/2		SCALE:	NONE
1 1/2	1 1/2			
FIRE BALL SPINDLE SHAFT				DRAWING NO. SK-34892 A
NEXT ASSEMBLY		REVISION		
DESCRIPTION				
REV. DATE				

QC-VI-I-Rev. 3
Page 21 of 23





MAN-CO. MFG. INC.	P.O. BOX 13514 VALM, ON N7A 1E9
CYL. ANCHOR SHAFT	SHAFT DIMENSIONS
DATE 8-19-84	PREVIOUS TO
DRAWN BY M.U.Z	SHAFETS WITH
SCALE	SHRINK COLLARS

69:BOUCRAFT AMUSEMENTS Nov-19-98 01:44pm-71 FROM 9882338525+609 984 7952 #01032
FAX# 15(13) Phone 362-2341

Man-Co Manufacturing Inc.

P.O. Box 13114, Salem, OR 97309
2470 Ewald Ave. SE 97312

AUGUST 14, 1984

BULLETIN NO. 123-MC

MAIN BOOM ROCKER SHAFT FOR ROUND UP RIDES
MANUFACTURED BY FRANK KUBETZ & CO., INC.
CO., INC. AND KILINSKI MFG. CO.

ATTENTION OWNERS OF ABOVE RIDES

A failure has been reported of the main boom rocker shaft on a Round Up ride manufactured by Frank Kubetz & Co., Inc. Although Man-Co Mfg., Inc. does not accept responsibility for rides manufactured by Frank Kubetz & Co., Inc., or Kilinski Mfg. Co., Inc., feel that this is a potential safety problem sufficiently important to justify immediate action.

If you own a Round Up, I strongly urge that you immediately inspect the main boom rocker shaft and the cylinder anchor shaft for cracks using ultrasonic test. The test must be done by someone qualified to do Level 2 ultrasonic testing. It is not necessary to disassemble the ride to perform the test on the main boom rocker shaft, or the cylinder anchor shaft.

THIS ULTRASONIC TEST MUST BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY.

This test was performed on a Round Up by Man-Co Mfg., Inc. by an independent testing lab using a 2.5 MHz transducer on the end of the shaft. The instrumentation was set up to produce a strong reflection from the opposite end of the shaft and calibrated such that the shoulder on the far end of the shaft registered approximately 15-20% of full scale. This would cause a crack at or near the closer shoulder to register significantly. The test was repeated at the other end of the shaft. A sketch of the shaft is on Sheet 2.

If any indication of cracks is found, a 5 MHz transducer may be helpful in determining its extent.

The test was not considered to be difficult by the testing lab.

If cracks are found in the shafts, it MUST BE replaced immediately. Replacement shafts of the latest design may be purchased from Man-Co Mfg., Inc.

Visually inspect all welds for cracks. For verification, use magnetic particle testing.

Man-Co Manufacturing Co.

338525-689 984 7952 249c
P. O. Box 13114, Salem, OR 97309
2470 Ewald Ave. SE 97302

ULTRASONIC TEST REQUIREMENTS

Ultrasonic testing shall be performed once a year (or as noted) on the following rides built by the manufacturer:

Non-Folding Round

- ~~Non-Index~~

 1. Rocker shaft - see Dwg. BU-133MC sht. 2 of 3
 2. Cylinder Anchor shaft - see Dwg. BU-133MC sht. 3 of 3
 3. Spindle shaft (every two years)

Folding Round

- Folding Reels**

 1. Rocker shaft - see DME BU-133MC sht. 2 of 3
 2. Cyl. anchor shaft - see DME BU-133MC sht. 3 of 3
 3. Spindle (every two (2) years)

NOTE: If roto- shaft, CCL anchor shaft or spindle have been replaced with new shaft with shrink collar, then Ultrasonic testing is required every two (2) years.

Ultrasonic Testing shall be performed every two (2) years on the following

Folding Round-Up

1. Rocker shaft
 2. Cyl. anchor shaft
 3. Spindle

Super Round-Up

1. Rocker shaft
 2. Cyl. anchor shaft
 3. Spindle

Hydraulic Paraffin copper

- Hydraulic Paratrooper - park and portable

Rim Drive Faragorom - part 1

1. Spindle

Standard Parachute - pack and portable (built by Frank Heubetz & Co.)
1. Spadie

MAN-CO MANUFACTURING, INC.
QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURE

ULTRASONIC INSPECTION OF STEEL WIRE SPINDLE SHARPS

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

L.J. Chamberlain
WESTPRO LABORATORY

Robert D. Rodewald
Quality Control Supervisor
Man-Co Manufacturing, Inc.

ULTRASONIC INSPECTION OF STEEL
MAIN SPINDAL SHAFTS

1. METHOD

1.1 Scope

This procedure establishes the minimum requirements for the pulse echo ultrasonic inspection of steel main spindal shafts by the contact longitudinal and angle beam techniques.

1.2 Principle

High frequency sound waves are induced into the material under test with the reflected sound wave forms being displayed on a cathode-ray tube. The soundness of the material is determined by analyzing the reflection patterns on the cathode ray tube.

2. APPARATUS

2.1 Electronic Apparatus

An ultrasonic pulse-echo reflection type of instrument shall be used for the inspection system shall have a minimum capability of frequencies of 1 to 5 MHz.

2.2 Search Units

Contact type search units shall be used for angle beam and/or longitudinal wave modes of testing. Search units shall be utilized at the rated frequencies. The maximum search unit dimension shall not exceed 1-inch, with a minimum frequency of 2.25 MHz.

2.3 Couplant

A couplant, liquid or paste, having sufficient wetting properties to transmit ultrasonic vibrations from the transducer to the test surface such as oil, glycerin, water, grease, or equivalent, shall be used.

2.4 Reference Standards

Reference standards made from acoustically similar material shall be used to establish a suitable base for determining the adjustment of the instrument used.

2.4.1 Reference blocks used as standards for the longitudinal beam examination shall contain flat bottom holes no larger than 6/84 inch diameter at approximate metal paths of $1/4T$, $1/2T$ and $3/4T$. (T = thickness)

Reference blocks used as standards for the angle beam examination shall contain a notch no greater than 1/8" deep $\times 1/16$ " long at a depth equal to or greater than the thickness of the material to be inspected.

2.4.2 When it is impractical to have reference blocks per paragraph 2.4.1 it is acceptable to calibrate on the test material itself as described in Figure 1 and Figure 2.

2.5 Personnel Qualifications

Personnel performing the test shall be certified to ASNT-TC-1A. Personnel who read and interpret indications and evaluate them shall be certified to ASNT-TC-1A Level IIF or equivalent.

3. GENERAL PROCEDURE

3.1 The procedure to be used is that of hand scanning the material by the contact longitudinal and angle beam method and introducing into it a beam of ultrasonic energy. Reflections of a portion of this energy will occur at the interfaces of material having different acoustical properties. The reflections are presented on a cathode ray tube and scanned evaluated electronically against a predetermined standard. The detectable areas are noted on each piece and recorded on the inspection report.

3.2 Surface Condition of Test Material

The beam entry surface of the material shall be free of scale, dirt, grease, paint or other foreign materials. The surface to be tested shall be uniformly smooth with a surface finish adequate to permit ultrasonic inspection at the required sensitivity.

3.3 Instrument Calibration

3.3.1 Longitudinal Beam Examination

When calibration is performed on a reference block the indication amplitude of all defects shall be adjusted to obtain a pulse height on the instrument screen of at least 70 percent of full scale.

When calibration is performed on the test material the instrument adjustment shall be as described in Figure 1.

3.3.2 Angle Beam Examination

When calibration is performed on a reference block the indication amplitude of the reference notch shall be adjusted to obtain a probe height on the instrument screen of at least 70 percent of full scale.

When calibration is performed on the test material instrument adjustment shall be as described in Figure 2.

3.3.3 After instrument calibration and the test of any material is initiated, additional adjustment of the instrument shall not be permitted without recalibration.

3.4 Scanning Surfaces

3.4.1 Longitudinal and angle beam examination shall be performed on the test material as described in Figure 3.

3.4.2 A calibration standard shall be referenced at the beginning and end of each test piece or at intervals not exceeding 1 hour.

3.5 Interpretation of Results

Material is unacceptable if longitudinal and/or angle beam examination results show one or more reflections greater in amplitude than the indication from the calibration defect or reference line and are not associated with the geometric configuration.

3.6 Test Reports

Test records shall be maintained by the testing organization for a minimum period of three years following completion of order. The following data shall be recorded on the test report.

3.6.1 Specific written test procedure and revision utilized for performing the test.

3.6.2 Transducer description, instrument and ultrasonic frequency employed.

3.6.3 Reference standard description.

3.6.4 Location and identification of rejectable indication in material. (Sketch to be included).

3.6.5 Customer identification and location of material and equipment serial number.

3.6.6 Name and location of testing organization.

3.6.7 Date of Test

3.6.8 Signature of Operator

QC-UL-1-Rev 0
page 4 of 6

Step 1



Step 2

Figure 1Calibration on test piece for longitudinal beam examination

Notes for Figure 1:

1. A 3/4" Diameter - 5 MHz Transducer is recommended.
2. The search unit shall be placed on center of shaft area (A) and adjust second back reflection to 100%.
3. Move transducer towards end of shaft (A) step 1 should appear to be approximately 25% of the perimeter and adjust to the average.
4. The search unit shall be placed on an indication free area (B) of the shaft being tested and the first back reflection shall be set between 75 to 90% of full screen height.

QC-Q1-1 REV 0
Page 5 of 6

Figure 2

Calibration on test piece for Angle Beam examination

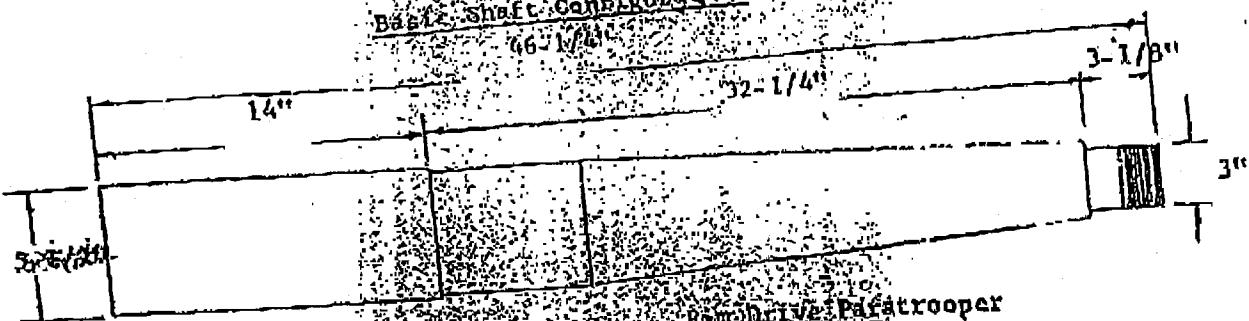
Notes for Figure 2:

1. A 1/2" x 1/2" - 2.25 MHZ - 45° angle beam search unit is recommended.
2. The search unit shall be placed in an indication free area (C) and the instrument shall be adjusted to obtain a signal amplitude of 40 to 60% full screen height from the shaft step.



Figure 3

1. Longitudinal Beam Examination
 - A. Area (A) and (D) shall be scanned 100%.
 - B. Area (B&C) shall be scanned 100%.
2. Angle Beam Examination
 - A. Area (B&C) shall be scanned 100% in two axial directions 180° opposed.

QC-UL-T-Rev 0
Page 6 of 6Useful Information:Basic Shaft ConfigurationPropulsive Paratrooper
Serial No. 300 & on.

- I. Material: Corralloy Steel
Longitudinal Velocity = 2.9 ft. per second $\times 10^3$

- II. Transducer Beam Divergence in Steel:

1" Dia. Transducer @ 1.0 MHz = 30° or 3" per ft.

1" Dia. Transducer @ 2.25 MHz = 14° or 1-1/2" per ft.

1" Dia. Transducer @ 5.0 MHz = 6° or 5/8" per ft.

.750" Dia. Transducer @ 1.0 MHz = 45° or 4-1/2" per ft.

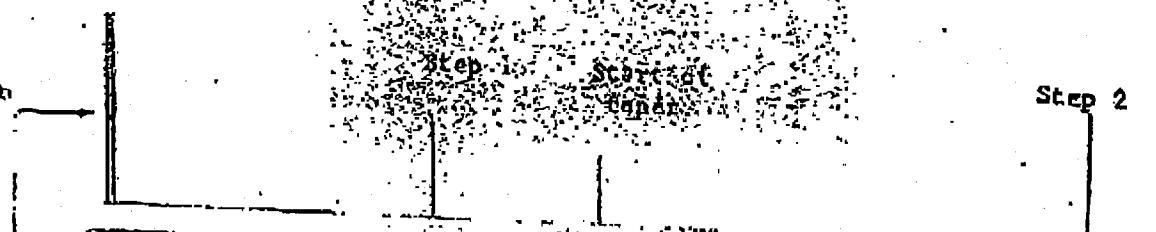
.750" Dia. Transducer @ 2.25 MHz = 20° or 2-1/8" per ft.

.750" Dia. Transducer @ 5.0 MHz = 9° or 7/8" per ft.

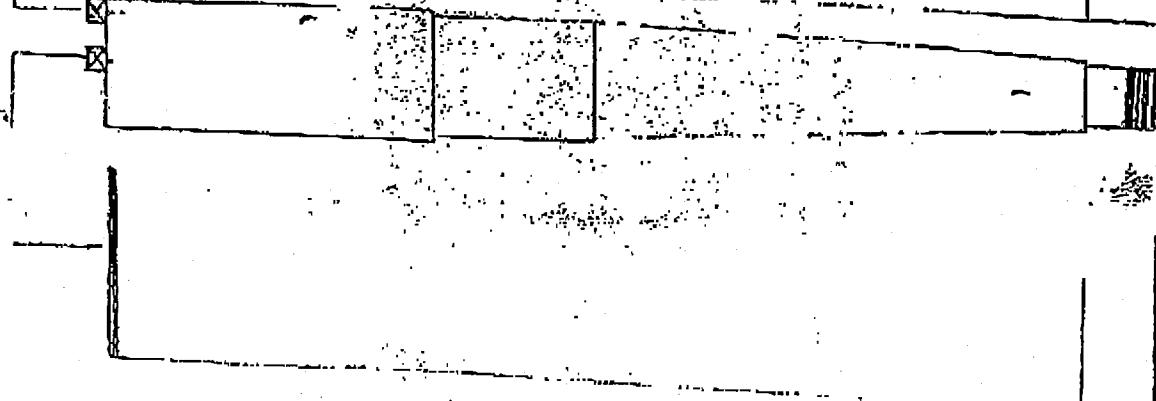
Front Face

Back Reflection

Position B



Position A



A - Scan Presentation